

# GIGALIGHT 100GBASE-LR4 QSFP28 Optical Transceiver Module P/N: GQS-SPO101-LR4T

#### Features

- 4 channels full-duplex transceiver modules
- Transmission data rate up to 26Gbps per channel
- 4 x 26Gb/s DFB-based LAN-WDM Cooling transmitter
- 4 channels PIN ROSA
- Internal CDR circuits on both receiver and transmitter channels
- ♦ Low power consumption <3.5W
- Hot Pluggable QSFP form factor
- Up to reach 10km for G.652 SMF
- Duplex LC receptacles
- Operating case temperature -40°C to +85°C
- 3.3V power supply voltage
- RoHS compliant (lead free)

### Applications

• IEEE 802.3ba 100GBASE LR4

#### Description

This product is a 100Gb/s transceiver module designed for optical communication applications compliant to 100GBASE-LR4 of the IEEE P802.3ba standard. The module converts 4 input channels of 25Gb/s electrical data to 4 channels of LAN WDM optical signals and then multiplexes them into a single channel for 100Gb/s optical transmission. Reversely on the receiver side, the module de-multiplexes a 100Gb/s optical input into 4 channels of LAN WDM optical signals and then to 4 output channels of electrical data.

The central wavelengths of the 4 LAN WDM channels are 1295.56, 1300.05, 1304.58 and 1309.14 nm as members of the LAN WDM wavelength grid defined in IEEE 802.3ba. The high performance cooled LAN WDM DFB transmitters and high sensitivity PIN receivers provide superior performance for 100Gigabit Ethernet applications up to 10km links and compliant to optical interface with IEEE802.3ba Clause 88 100GBASE-LR4 requirements.

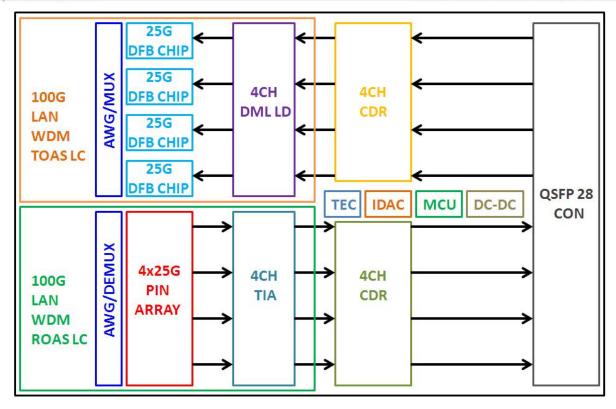
The product is designed with form factor, optical/electrical connection and digital diagnostic interface according to the QSFP+ Multi-Source Agreement (MSA). It has been designed to meet the harshest external operating conditions including temperature, humidity and EMI interference.





www.gigalight.com

Optical Interconnection Design Innovator



## Figure1. Module Block Diagram

#### **Absolute Maximum Ratings**

| Parameter                   | Symbol | Min  | Мах     | Unit |
|-----------------------------|--------|------|---------|------|
| Supply Voltage              | Vcc    | -0.3 | 3.6     | V    |
| Input Voltage               | Vin    | -0.3 | Vcc+0.3 | V    |
| Storage Temperature         | Tst    | -20  | 85      | °C   |
| Case Operating Temperature  | Тор    | -40  | 85      | °C   |
| Humidity(non-condensing)    | Rh     | 5    | 85      | %    |
| Damage Threshold, each Lane | ТН     | 5.5  |         | dBm  |



Optical Interconnection Design Innovator

| Recommended Operating Conditions |        |       |          |      |      |  |
|----------------------------------|--------|-------|----------|------|------|--|
| Parameter                        | Symbol | Min   | Typical  | Мах  | Unit |  |
| Supply Voltage                   | Vcc    | 3.13  | 3.3      | 3.47 | V    |  |
| Operating Case temperature       | Тса    | -40   |          | 85   | °C   |  |
| Data Rate Per Lane               | fd     |       | 25.78125 |      | Gbps |  |
| Humidity                         | Rh     | 5     |          | 85   | %    |  |
| Power Dissipation                | Ρ      |       |          | 3.5  | W    |  |
| Link Distance with G.652         | D      | 0.002 |          | 10   | km   |  |

# **Electrical Specifications**

| Parameter                                   | Symbol | Min              | Typical | Мах  | Unit |
|---|--------|------------------|---------|------|------|
| Power Consumption                           | Р      |                  |         | 3.5  | W    |
| Supply Current                              | lcc    |                  |         | 1.06 | А    |
| Transceiver Power-on<br>Initialization Time |        |                  |         | 2000 | ms   |
|   | Transm | nitter (each Lan | e)      |      |      |
| Single-ended Input Voltage<br>Tolerance     |        | -0.3             |         | 4.0  | V    |
| AC Common Mode Input Voltage<br>Tolerance   |        | 15               |         |      | mV   |
| Differential Input Voltage                  |        | 50               |         |      | mVpp |
| Differential Input Voltage Swing            | Vin    |                  |         | 900  | mVpp |
| Differential Input Impedance                | Zin    | 90               | 100     | 110  | Ohm  |
|   | Recei  | ver (each Lane   | ·)      |      |      |
| Single-ended Output Voltage                 |        | -0.3             |         | 4.0  | V    |
| AC Common Mode Output Voltage               |        |                  |         | 7.5  | mV   |



www.gigalight.com

Optical Interconnection Design Innovator

| Parameter                         | Symbol | Min | Typical | Мах | Unit |
|-----------------------------------|--------|-----|---------|-----|------|
| Differential Output Voltage Swing | Vout   | 300 |         | 850 | mVpp |
| Differential Output Impedance     | Zout   | 90  | 100     | 110 | Ohm  |

Note:

Power-on Initialization Time is the time from when the power supply voltages reach and remain above the minimum recommended operating supply voltages to the time when the module is fully functional.

# **Optical Characteristics**

### **Table 3 - Optical Characteristics**

| QSFP28 100GBASE-LR4  |                  |         |         |         |      |       |
|--|------------------|---------|---------|---------|------|-------|
| Parameter  | Symbol           | Min     | Typical | Мах     | Unit | Notes |
|  | LO               | 1294.53 | 1295.56 | 1296.59 | nm   |       |
| Long Wayalangth  | L1               | 1299.02 | 1300.05 | 1301.09 | nm   |       |
| Lane Wavelength  | L2               | 1303.54 | 1304.58 | 1305.63 | nm   |       |
|  | L3               | 1308.09 | 1309.14 | 1310.19 | nm   |       |
| Transmitter  |                  |         |         |         |      |       |
| SMSR   | SMSR             | 30      |         |         | dB   |       |
| Total Average Launch Power   | PT               |         |         | 10.5    | dBm  |       |
| Average Launch Power,<br>each Lane   | P <sub>AVG</sub> | -4.3    |         | 4.5     | dBm  |       |
| OMA, each Lane   | Рома             | -1.3    |         | 4.5     | dBm  | 1     |
| Difference in Launch Power<br>between any Two Lanes<br>(OMA)                           | Ptx,diff         |         |         | 5       | dB   |       |
| Launch Power in OMA<br>minus Transmitter and<br>Dispersion Penalty (TDP),<br>each Lane |                  | -2.3    |         |         | dBm  |       |



www.gigalight.com

Optical Interconnection Design Innovator

| QSFP28 100GBASE-LR4   |          |            |                |            |           |       |
|---|----------|------------|----------------|------------|-----------|-------|
| Parameter   | Symbol   | Min        | Typical        | Мах        | Unit      | Notes |
| TDP, each Lane  | TDP      |            |                | 2.2        | dB        |       |
| Extinction Ratio  | ER       | 4          |                |            | dB        |       |
| RIN <sub>20</sub> OMA   | RIN      |            |                | -130       | dB/H<br>z |       |
| Optical Return Loss<br>Tolerance                              | TOL      |            |                | 20         | dB        |       |
| Transmitter Reflectance                                       | RT       |            |                | -12        | dB        |       |
| Eye Mask coordinates:<br>X1, X2, X3, Y1, Y2, Y3               |          | {0.25, 0.4 | 4, 0.45, 0.25, | 0.28, 0.4} |           | 2     |
| Average Launch Power OFF<br>Transmitter, each Lane            | Poff     |            |                | -30        | dBm       |       |
|   |          | Receive    | r              |            |           |       |
| Damage Threshold,<br>each Lane                                | $TH_{d}$ | 5.5        |                |            | dBm       | 3     |
| Total Average Receive<br>Power                                |          |            |                | 10.5       | dBm       |       |
| Average Receive Power,<br>each Lane                           |          | -10.6      |                | 4.5        | dBm       |       |
| Receive Power (OMA),<br>each Lane                             |          |            |                | 4.5        | dBm       |       |
| Receiver Sensitivity (OMA),<br>each Lane                      | SEN      |            |                | -8.6       | dBm       |       |
| Stressed Receiver<br>Sensitivity (OMA),<br>each Lane          |          |            |                | -6.8       | dBm       | 4     |
| Difference in Receive Power<br>between any Two Lanes<br>(OMA) | Prx,diff |            |                | 5.5        | dB        |       |
| LOS Assert  | LOSA     |            | -18            |            | dBm       |       |
| LOS Deassert  | LOSD     |            | -15            |            | dBm       |       |



Optical Interconnection Design Innovator

| QSFP28 100GBASE-LR4  |               |             |               |              |      |       |
|--|---------------|-------------|---------------|--------------|------|-------|
| Parameter  | Symbol        | Min         | Typical       | Max          | Unit | Notes |
| LOS Hysteresis   | LOSH          | 0.5         |               |              | dB   |       |
| Receiver Electrical 3 dB<br>upper Cutoff Frequency,<br>each Lane | Fc            |             |               | 31           | GHz  |       |
| Condi  | tions of Stre | ss Receiver | Sensitivity T | est (Note 5) |      |       |
| Vertical Eye Closure<br>Penalty, each Lane                       |               |             | 1.8           |              | dB   | 5     |
| Stressed Eye J2 Jitter,<br>each Lane                             |               |             | 0.3           |              | UI   |       |
| Stressed Eye J9 Jitter,<br>each Lane                             |               |             | 0.47          |              | UI   |       |

#### Note:

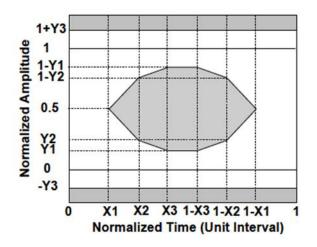
1. Even if the TDP < 1 dB, the OMA min must exceed the minimum value specified here.

2. See Figure 4 below.

3. The receiver shall be able to tolerate, without damage, continuous exposure to a modulated optical input signal having this power level on one lane. The receiver does not have to operate correctly at this input power.

4. Measured with conformance test signal at receiver input for BER =  $1 \times 10^{-12}$ .

5. Vertical eye closure penalty and stressed eye jitter are test conditions for measuring stressed receiver sensitivity. They are not characteristics of the receiver.





www.gigalight.com

Optical Interconnection Design Innovator

## **Pin Descriptions**

| Pin | Logic      | Symbol  | Name/Description                    | Ref. |
|-----|------------|---------|-------------------------------------|------|
| 1   |            | GND     | Module Ground                       | 1    |
| 2   | CML-I      | Tx2-    | Transmitter inverted data input     |      |
| 3   | CML-I      | Tx2+    | Transmitter non-inverted data input |      |
| 4   |            | GND     | Module Ground                       | 1    |
| 5   | CML-I      | Tx4-    | Transmitter inverted data input     |      |
| 6   | CML-I      | Tx4+    | Transmitter non-inverted data input |      |
| 7   |            | GND     | Module Ground                       | 1    |
| 8   | LVTTL-I    | MODSEIL | Module Select                       | 2    |
| 9   | LVTTL-I    | ResetL  | Module Reset                        | 2    |
| 10  |            | VCCRx   | +3.3v Receiver Power Supply         |      |
| 11  | LVCMOS-I   | SCL     | 2-wire Serial interface clock       | 2    |
| 12  | LVCMOS-I/O | SDA     | 2-wire Serial interface data        | 2    |
| 13  |            | GND     | Module Ground                       | 1    |
| 14  | CML-O      | RX3+    | Receiver non-inverted data output   |      |
| 15  | CML-O      | RX3-    | Receiver inverted data output       |      |
| 16  |            | GND     | Module Ground                       | 1    |
| 17  | CML-O      | RX1+    | Receiver non-inverted data output   |      |
| 18  | CML-O      | RX1-    | Receiver inverted data output       |      |
| 19  |            | GND     | Module Ground                       | 1    |
| 20  |            | GND     | Module Ground                       | 1    |



# 深圳市易飞扬通信技术有限公司

Shenzhen Gigalight Technology Co., Ltd.

www.gigalight.com

Optical Interconnection Design Innovator

| Pin | Logic   | Symbol  | Name/Description                                    | Ref. |
|-----|---------|---------|---|------|
| 21  | CML-O   | RX2-    | Receiver inverted data output                       |      |
| 22  | CML-O   | RX2+    | Receiver non-inverted data output                   |      |
| 23  |         | GND     | Module Ground                                       | 1    |
| 24  | CML-O   | RX4-    | Receiver inverted data output                       |      |
| 25  | CML-O   | RX4+    | Receiver non-inverted data output                   |      |
| 26  |         | GND     | Module Ground                                       | 1    |
| 27  | LVTTL-O | ModPrsL | Module Present, internal pulled down to GND         |      |
| 28  | LVTTL-O | IntL    | Interrupt output, should be pulled up on host board | 2    |
| 29  |         | VCCTx   | +3.3v Transmitter Power Supply                      |      |
| 30  |         | VCC1    | +3.3v Power Supply                                  |      |
| 31  | LVTTL-I | LPMode  | Low Power Mode                                      | 2    |
| 32  |         | GND     | Module Ground                                       | 1    |
| 33  | CML-I   | Tx3+    | Transmitter non-inverted data input                 |      |
| 34  | CML-I   | Tx3-    | Transmitter inverted data input                     |      |
| 35  |         | GND     | Module Ground                                       | 1    |
| 36  | CML-I   | Tx1+    | Transmitter non-inverted data input                 |      |
| 37  | CML-I   | Tx1-    | Transmitter inverted data input                     |      |
| 38  |         | GND     | Module Ground                                       | 1    |

#### Notes:

Module circuit ground is isolated from module chassis ground within the module.
 Open collector; should be pulled up with 4.7k – 10k ohms on host board to a voltage between 3.15Vand 3.6V.



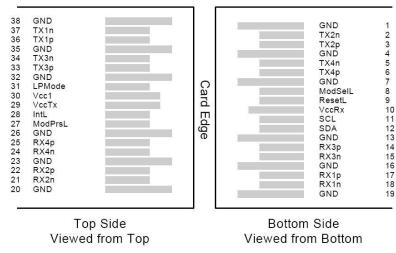


Figure2. Electrical Pin-out Details

#### ModSelL Pin

The ModSelL is an input pin. When held low by the host, the module responds to 2-wire serial communication commands. The ModSelL allows the use of multiple QSFP modules on a single 2-wire interface bus. When the ModSelL is "High", the module will not respond to any 2-wire interface communication from the host. ModSelL has an internal pull-up in the module.

#### **ResetL Pin**

Reset. LPMode\_Reset has an internal pull-up in the module. A low level on the ResetL pin for longer than the minimum pulse length (t\_Reset\_init) initiates a complete module reset, returning all user module settings to their default state. Module Reset Assert Time (t\_init) starts on the rising edge after the low level on the ResetL pin is released. During the execution of a reset (t\_init) the host shall disregard all status bits until the module indicates a completion of the reset interrupt. The module indicates this by posting an IntL signal with the Data\_Not\_Ready bit negated. Note that on power up (including hot insertion) the module will post this completion of reset interrupt without requiring a reset.

#### LPMode Pin

Gigalight QSFP28 LR4 operate in the low power mode (less than 1.5 W power consumption) This pin active high will decrease power consumption to less than 1W.

#### ModPrsL Pin

ModPrsL is pulled up to Vcc on the host board and grounded in the module. The ModPrsL is asserted "Low" when the module is inserted and deasserted "High" when the module is physically absent from the host connector.



#### IntL Pin

IntL is an output pin. When "Low", it indicates a possible module operational fault or a status critical to the host system. The host identifies the source of the interrupt by using the 2-wire serial interface. The IntL pin is an open collector output and must be pulled up to Vcc on the host board.

### **Power Supply Filtering**

The host board should use the power supply filtering shown in Figure3.

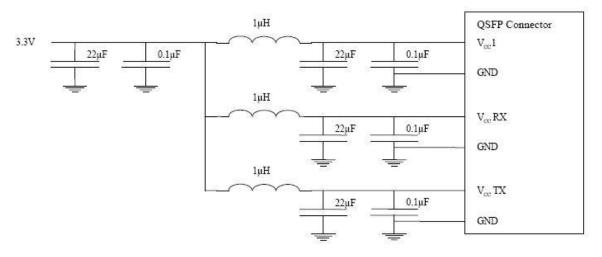


Figure3. Host Board Power Supply Filtering

# **DIAGNOSTIC MONITORING INTERFACE (OPTIONAL)**

The following digital diagnostic characteristics are defined over the normal operating conditions unless otherwise specified.

| Parameter                               | Symbol       | Min  | Max | Units | Notes                            |
|---|--------------|------|-----|-------|----------------------------------|
| Temperature monitor absolute error      | DMI_Temp     | -3   | +3  | degC  | Over operating temperature range |
| Supply voltage monitor absolute error   | DMI_VCC      | -0.1 | 0.1 | V     | Over full operating range        |
| Channel RX power monitor absolute error | DMI_RX_Ch    | -2   | 2   | dB    | 1                                |
| Channel Bias current monitor            | DMI_Ibias_Ch | -10% | 10% | mA    |                                  |
| Channel TX power monitor absolute error | DMI_TX_Ch    | -2   | 2   | dB    | 1                                |



#### Notes:

Due to measurement accuracy of different single mode fibers, there could be an additional +/-1 dB fluctuation, or a +/- 3 dB total accuracy.

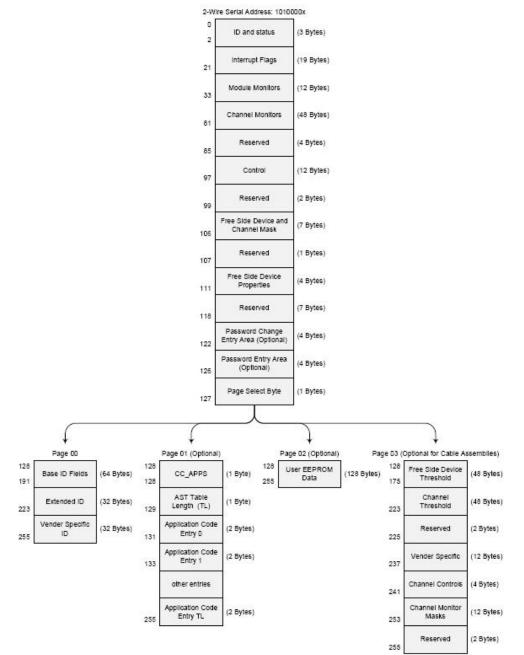
Digital diagnostics monitoring function is available on all Gigalight QSFP28 LR4. A 2-wire serial interface provides user to contact with module.

The structure of the memory is shown in Figure 5. The memory space is arranged into a lower, single page, address space of 128 bytes and multiple upper address space pages. This structure permits timely access to addresses in the lower page, such as Interrupt Flags and Monitors. Less time critical time entries, such as serial ID information and threshold settings, are available with the Page Select function.

The interface address used is A0xh and is mainly used for time critical data like interrupt handling in order to enable a one-time-read for all data related to an interrupt situation. After an interrupt, IntL, has been asserted, the host can read out the flag field to determine the affected channel and type of flag.



Optical Interconnection Design Innovator







www.gigalight.com

Optical Interconnection Design Innovator

| Byte Address | Description                        | Туре       |
|--------------|------------------------------------|------------|
| 0            | Identifier (1 Byte)                | Read Only  |
| 1-2          | Status (2 Bytes)                   | Read Only  |
| 3-21         | Interrupt Flags (31 Bytes)         | Read Only  |
| 22-33        | Module Monitors (12 Bytes)         | Read Only  |
| 34-81        | Channel Monitors (48 Bytes)        | Read Only  |
| 82-85        | Reserved (4 Bytes)                 | Read Only  |
| 86-97        | Control (12 Bytes)                 | Read/Write |
| 98-99        | Reserved (2 Bytes)                 | Read/Write |
| 100-106      | Module and Channel Masks (7 Bytes) | Read/Write |
| 107-118      | Reserved (12 Bytes)                | Read/Write |
| 119-122      | Reserved (4 Bytes)                 | Read/Write |
| 123-126      | Reserved (4 Bytes)                 | Read/Write |
| 127          | Page Select Byte                   | Read/Write |

# Figure6. Low Memory Map

| Byte Address                | Description                  | Туре       |  |  |
|-----------------------------|------------------------------|------------|--|--|
| 128-175                     | Module Thresholds (48 Bytes) | Read Only  |  |  |
| 176-223 Reserved (48 Bytes) |                              | Read Only  |  |  |
| 224-225                     | Reserved (2 Bytes)           | Read Only  |  |  |
| 226-239                     | Reserved (14 Bytes)          | Read/Write |  |  |
| 240-241                     | Channel Controls (2 Bytes)   | Read/Write |  |  |
| 242-253                     | Reserved (12 Bytes)          | Read/Write |  |  |
| 254-255                     | Reserved (2 Bytes)           | Read/Write |  |  |

Figure7. Page 03 Memory Map



#### 深圳市易飞扬通信技术有限公司 Shenzhen Gigalight Technology Co., Ltd.

Optical Interconnection Design Innovator

| Address Name |   | Description  |  |
|--------------|---|--|--|
| 128          | Identifier (1 Byte)                     | Identifier Type of serial transceiver  |  |
| 129          | Ext. Identifier (1 Byte)                | Extended identifier of serial transceiver  |  |
| 130          | Connector (1 Byte)                      | Code for connector type  |  |
| 131-138      | Transceiver (8 Bytes)                   | Code for electronic compatibility or optical compatibility   |  |
| 139          | Encoding (1 Byte)                       | Code for serial encoding algorithm   |  |
| 140          | BR, nominal (1 Byte)                    | Nominal bit rate, units of 100 Mbits/s   |  |
| 141          | Extended RateSelect Compliance (1 Byte) | Tags for Extended RateSelect compliance  |  |
| 142          | Length SMF (1 Byte)                     | Link length supported for SM fiber in km   |  |
| 143          | Length E-50 µm (1 Byte)                 | Link length supported for EBW 50/125 $\mu m$ fiber, units of 2 m   |  |
| 144          | Length 50 µm (1 Byte)                   | Link length supported for 50/125 $\mu m$ fiber, units of 1 m   |  |
| 145          | Length 62.5 µm (1 Byte)                 | Link length supported for 62.5/125µm fiber, units of 1 m   |  |
| 146          | Length copper (1 Byte)                  | Link length supported for copper, units of 1 m   |  |
| 147          | Device Tech (1 Byte)                    | Device technology  |  |
| 148-163      | Vendor name (16 Bytes)                  | QSFP vendor name (ASCII)   |  |
| 164          | Extended Transceiver (1 Byte)           | Extended Transceiver Codes for InfiniBand <sup>†</sup>   |  |
| 165-167      | Vendor OUI (3 Bytes)                    | QSFP vendor IEEE vendor company ID   |  |
| 168-183      | Vendor PN (16 Bytes)                    | Part number provided by QSFP vendor (ASCII)  |  |
| 184-185      | Vendor rev (2 Bytes)                    | Revision level for part number provided by vendor (ASCII)  |  |
| 186-187      | Wavelength (2 Bytes)                    | Nominal laser wavelength (Wavelength = value / 20 in nm)   |  |
| 188-189      | Wavelength Tolerance (2 Bytes)          | Guaranteed range of laser wavelength (+/- value) from Nominal wavelength (Wavelength Tol. = value / 200 in nm) |  |
| 190          | Max Case Temp (1 Byte)                  | Maximum Case Temperature in Degrees C  |  |
| 191          | CC_BASE (1 Byte)                        | Check code for Base ID fields (addresses 128-190)  |  |
| 192-195      | Options (4 Bytes)                       | Rate Select, TX Disable, TX Fault, LOS   |  |
| 196-211      | Vendor SN (16 Bytes)                    | Serial number provided by vendor (ASCII)   |  |
| 212-219      | Date code (8 Bytes)                     | Vendor's manufacturing date code   |  |
| 220          | Diagnostic Monitoring Type (1 Byte)     | Indicates which type of diagnostic monitoring is implemented   |  |
| 221          | Enhanced Options (1 Byte)               | Indicates which optional enhanced features are implemented   |  |
| 222          | Reserved (1 Byte)                       | Reserved   |  |
| 223          | CC_EXT                                  | Check code for the Extended ID Fields (addresses 192-222)  |  |
| 224-255      | Vendor Specific (32 Bytes)              | Vendor Specific EEPROM   |  |

# Figure8. Page 00 Memory Map

Page02 is User EEPROM and its format decided by user.

The detail description of low memory and page00.page03 upper memory please see SFF-8436 document.



Optical Interconnection Design Innovator

# **Timing for Soft Control and Status Functions**

| Parameter  | Symbol       | Max  | Unit | Conditions  |
|--|--------------|------|------|---|
| Initialization Time                              | t_init       | 2000 | ms   | Time from power on <sup>1</sup> , hot plug or rising edge of Reset until the module is fully functional <sup>2</sup>  |
| Reset Init Assert Time                           | t_reset_init | 2    | μs   | A Reset is generated by a low level longer than<br>the minimum reset pulse time present on the<br>ResetL pin.   |
| Serial Bus Hardware<br>Ready Time                | t_serial     | 2000 | ms   | Time from power on <sup>1</sup> until module responds to data transmission over the 2-wire serial bus   |
| Monitor Data Ready<br>Time                       | t_data       | 2000 | ms   | Time from power on <sup>1</sup> to data not ready, bit 0 of<br>Byte 2, deasserted and IntL asserted   |
| Reset Assert Time                                | t_reset      | 2000 | ms   | Time from rising edge on the ResetL pin until the module is fully functional <sup>2</sup>   |
| LPMode Assert Time                               | ton_LPMode   | 100  | μs   | Time from assertion of LPMode (Vin:LPMode =<br>Vih) until module power consumption enters<br>lower Power Level  |
| IntL Assert Time                                 | ton_IntL     | 200  | ms   | Time from occurrence of condition triggering IntL<br>until Vout:IntL = Vol  |
| IntL Deassert Time                               | toff_IntL    | 500  | μs   | Time from clear on read <sup>3</sup> operation of associated<br>flag until Vout:IntL = Voh. This includes deassert<br>times for Rx LOS, Tx Fault and other flag bits. |
| Rx LOS Assert Time                               | ton_los      | 100  | ms   | Time from Rx LOS state to Rx LOS bit set and<br>IntL asserted   |
| Tx Fault Assert Time                             | ton_Txfault  | 200  | ms   | Time from Tx Fault state to Tx Fault bit set and<br>IntL asserted   |
| Flag Assert Time                                 | ton_flag     | 200  | ms   | Time from occurrence of condition triggering flag<br>to associated flag bit set and IntL asserted   |
| Mask Assert Time                                 | ton_mask     | 100  | ms   | Time from mask bit set <sup>4</sup> until associated IntL assertion is inhibited  |
| Mask Deassert Time                               | toff_mask    | 100  | ms   | Time from mask bit cleared <sup>4</sup> until associated IntlL operation resumes  |
| ModSelL Assert Time                              | ton_ModSelL  | 100  | μs   | Time from assertion of ModSelL until module<br>responds to data transmission over the 2-wire serial<br>bus  |
| ModSelL Deassert Time                            | toff_ModSelL | 100  | μs   | Time from deassertion of ModSelL until the module<br>does not respond to data transmission over the 2-wire<br>serial bus  |
| Power_over-ride or<br>Power-set Assert Time      | ton_Pdown    | 100  | ms   | Time from P_Down bit set <sup>4</sup> until module power<br>consumption enters lower Power Level  |
| Power_over-ride or<br>Power-set Deassert<br>Time | toff_Pdown   | 300  | ms   | Time from P_Down bit cleared <sup>4</sup> until the module<br>is fully functional3  |

# Figure9. Timing Specifications

#### Note:

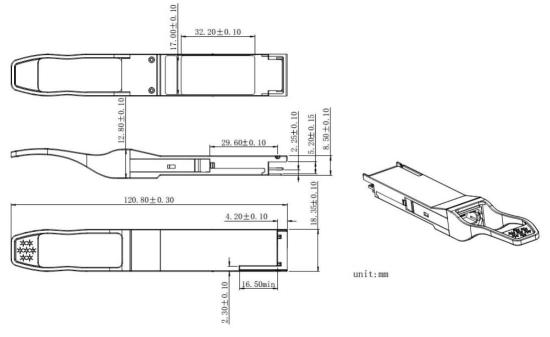
- 1. Power on is defined as the instant when supply voltages reach and remain at or above the minimum specified value.
- 2. Fully functional is defined as IntL asserted due to data not ready bit, bit 0 byte 2 deasserted.
- 3. Measured from falling clock edge after stop bit of read transaction.



**Optical Interconnection Design Innovator** 

4. Measured from falling clock edge after stop bit of write transaction.

## **Mechanical Dimensions**



# Figure10. Mechanical Specifications

# **Regulatory Compliance**

Gigalight GQS-SPO101-LR4T transceivers are Class 1 Laser Products. They meet the requirements of the

following standards.

| Feature                  | Standard   |
|--------------------------|--|
| Laser Safety             | IEC 60825-1:2014 (3 <sup>rd</sup> Edition)<br>IEC 60825-2:2004/AMD2:2010<br>EN 60825-1-2014<br>EN 60825-2:2004+A1+A2 |
| Electrical Safety        | EN 62368-1: 2014<br>IEC 62368-1:2014<br>UL 62368-1:2014  |
| Environmental protection | Directive 2011/65/EU with amendment(EU)2015/863  |
| CE EMC                   | EN55032: 2015<br>EN55035: 2017<br>EN61000-3-2:2014<br>EN61000-3-3:2013   |
| FCC                      | FCC Part 15, Subpart B<br>ANSI C63.4-2014  |



#### ESD

This transceiver is specified as ESD threshold 1kV for SFI pins and 2kV for all other electrical input pins, tested per MIL-STD-883, Method 3015.4 /JESD22-A114-A (HBM). However, normal ESD precautions are still required during the handling of this module. This transceiver is shipped in ESD protective packaging. It should be removed from the packaging and handled only in an ESD protected environment.

#### References

- 1. SFF-8436 QSFP+
- 2. Ethernet 100GBASE-LR4

#### Ordering information

| Part Number     | Product Description                                 |  |  |
|-----------------|---|--|--|
| GQS-SPO101-LR4T | 100GE, QSFP28, 100GBASE-LR4, LAN_WDM 10km, -40℃~85℃ |  |  |

#### **Important Notice**

Performance figures, data and any illustrative material provided in this data sheet are typical and must be specifically confirmed in writing by GIGALIGHT before they become applicable to any particular order or contract. In accordance with the GIGALIGHT policy of continuous improvement specifications may change without notice.

The publication of information in this data sheet does not imply freedom from patent or other protective rights of GIGALIGHT or others. Further details are available from any GIGALIGHT sales representative.

# sales@gigalight.com https://www.gigalight.com/

#### **Revision History**

| Revision | Date        | Description                  |
|----------|-------------|------------------------------|
| V0       | 25-Apr-2018 | Advance Release.             |
| V1       | 20-Apr-2021 | Modify Regulatory Compliance |