

Http://www.gigalight.com.cn

GCB-4303-L2x(D)

1.25Gbps Compact Bi-Di SFP Transceiver, 20km Reach

1490nm TX / 1310 nm RX

Features

- Support 155Mbps data links
- 1490nm DFB laser and PIN photodetector for 20km transmission
- 2xBi-directional transceivers in 1 SFP transceiver package
- Compliant with CSFP MSA Option 2 and SFF-8472
- Digital Diagnostic Monitoring: Internal Calibration or External Calibration
- Compatible with SONET OC-3 system
- Compatible with RoHS
- +3.3V single power supply
- Operating case temperature:

0 to +70°C(Commercial)

-40 to +85°C(Industrial)

Applications

- SONET OC-3 system
- Fast Ethernet
- Switch to Switch interface
- Point to Point FTTH Application
- Other optical transmission systems

Description

The CSFP transceivers are high performance, cost effective modules supporting 155Mbps and 20km transmission distance with SMF.

The transceiver consists of three sections: a DFB laser transmitter, a PIN photodiode integrated with a trans-impedance preamplifier (TIA) and MCU control unit. All modules satisfy class I laser safety requirements.

The transceivers are compatible with Compact SFP Multi-Source Agreement (MSA) and SFF-8472.



Address: 5F, Main Building SheKou Technology Building, No.1059

Nanhai Blvd, Nanshan District, Shenzhen

TEL: 86-755-26734300 FAX: 86-755-26738181

Http://www.gigalight.com.cn

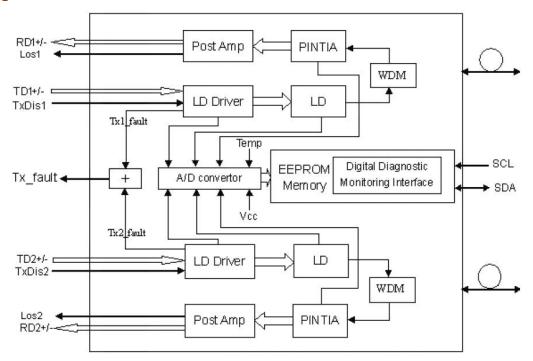
Page 1 of 9 07 / 2014 v1.0



Http://www.gigalight.com.cn

Optical Network Transceiver Innovator

For further information, please refer to SFP MSA. **Block Diagram**



Absolute Maximum Ratings

Table 1 - Absolute Maximum Ratings

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit
Supply Voltage	Vcc	-0.5	4.5	V
Storage Temperature	Ts	-40	+85	°C
Operating Humidity	-	5	85	%

Recommended Operating Conditions

Table 2 - Recommended Operating Conditions

Parameter		Symbol	Min	Typical	Max	Unit
Operating Cose Temperature	Commercial	Тс	0		+70	°C
Operating Case Temperature	Industrial		-40		+85	°C
Power Supply Voltage		Vcc	3.13	3.3	3.47	V
Power Supply Current		Icc			400	mA

Address: 5F, Main Building SheKou Technology Building, No.1059

Nanhai Blvd, Nanshan District, Shenzhen

TEL: 86-755-26734300 FAX: 86-755-26738181

Http://www.gigalight.com.cn

Page 2 of 9 07 / 2014 v1.0



Http://www.gigalight.com.cn

Optical Network Transceiver Innovator

Data Rate 155 Mbps

Optical and Electrical Characteristics

GPB-4303x-L2x(D): (DFB and PIN, 1490nm, 20km Reach)

Table 3 - Optical and Electrical Characteristics

Parai	meter	Symbol	Min	Typical	Max	Unit	Notes
			Transmi	tter			
Centre V	Vavelength	λc	1470	1490	1510	nm	
Spectral V	Vidth (-20dB)	σ			1	nm	
Side Mode Su	uppression Ratio	SMSR	30			dB	
Average C	Output Power	Pout	-13		-9	dBm	1
Extinc	tion Ratio	ER	9			dB	
Optical Rise/Fal	I Time (20%~80%)	tr/tf			0.26	ns	
Data Input S	wing Differential	Vin	400		1800	mV	2
Input Differe	ntial Impedance	Z _{IN}	90	100	110	Ω	
TX Disable —	Disable		2.0		Vcc	V	
	Enable		0		0.8	V	
TV F!4	Fault		2.0		Vcc	V	
TX Fault	Normal		0		0.8	V	
			Receiv	er			
Centre Wavelength		λc	1290		1330	nm	
Receiver Sensitivity					-32	dBm	3
Receiver Overload			-3			dBm	3
LOS De-Assert		LOS _D			-32	dBm	
LOS Assert		LOSA	-45			dBm	
LOS Hysteresis			1		4	dB	
Data Output Swing Differential		Vout	400		1800	mV	4
1	08	High	2.0		Vcc	V	
LOS		Low			0.8	V	

Notes:

- 1. The optical power is launched into SMF.
- 2. PECL input, internally AC-coupled and terminated.
- 3. Measured with a PRBS 2⁷-1 test pattern @155Mbps, BER ≤1×10⁻¹².
- 4. Internally AC-coupled.

Address: 5F, Main Building SheKou Technology Building, No.1059

Nanhai Blvd, Nanshan District, Shenzhen

TEL: 86-755-26734300 FAX: 86-755-26738181

Http://www.gigalight.com.cn

Page 3 of 9 07 / 2014 v1.0



Http://www.gigalight.com.cn

Timing and Electrical

Table 4 - Timing and Electrical

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Typical	Max	Unit
Tx Disable Negate Time	t_on			1	ms
Tx Disable Assert Time	t_off			10	μs
Time To Initialize, including Reset of Tx Fault	t_init			300	ms
Tx Fault Assert Time	t_fault			100	μs
Tx Disable To Reset	t_reset	10			μs
LOS Assert Time	t_loss_on			100	μs
LOS De-assert Time	t_loss_off			100	μs
Serial ID Clock Rate	f_serial_clock			100	KHz
MOD_DEF (1,2)-High	V _H	2		Vcc	V
MOD_DEF (1,2)-Low	VL			0.8	V

Diagnostics

Table 5 - Diagnostics Specification

Parameter	Range	Unit	Accuracy	Calibration	
Temperature	0 to +70	°C	±3°C	Internal / External	
remperature	-40 to +85			internar / Externar	
Voltage	3.0 to 3.6	V	±3%	Internal / External	
Bias Current	0 to 100	mA	±10%	Internal / External	
TX Power	-14 to -8	dBm	±3dB	Internal / External	
RX Power	-32 to -8	dBm	±3dB	Internal / External	

Digital Diagnostic Memory Map

The transceivers provide serial ID memory contents and diagnostic information about the present operating conditions by the 2-wire serial interface (SCL, SDA).

The diagnostic information with internal calibration or external calibration all are implemented, including received power monitoring, transmitted power monitoring, bias current monitoring, supply voltage monitoring and temperature monitoring.

The digital diagnostic memory map specific data field defines as following.

A0h/A2h for Channel1 B0h/B2h for Channel2

Address: 5F, Main Building SheKou Technology Building, No.1059

Nanhai Blvd, Nanshan District, Shenzhen

TEL: 86-755-26734300 FAX: 86-755-26738181 Http://www.gigalight.com.cn

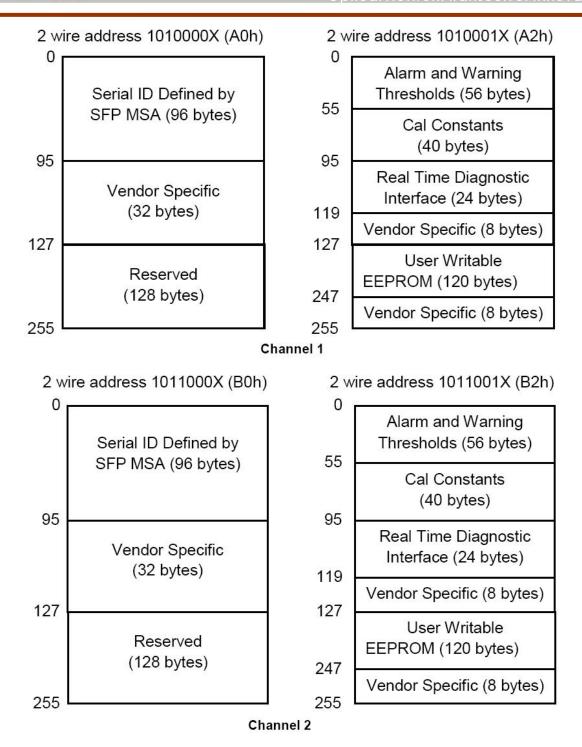
Page 4 of 9 07 / 2014

v1.0



Http://www.gigalight.com.cn

Optical Network Transceiver Innovator





Http://www.gigalight.com.cn

Optical Network Transceiver Innovator

Pin Definitions

CSFP MSA option 2

20 VEE	1 VEE
19 TD1-	2 TX FAULT
18 TD1+	3 TX1_DISABLE
17 TX2_DISABLE	4 MOD-DEF2
16 VCCT	5 MOD-DEF1
15 VCCR	6 TD2-
14 LOS2	7 TD2+
13 RD1+	8 Los1
12 RD1-	9 RD2+
11 VEE	10 RD2-
Top view of Board	Bottom view of Board (As view through top of board)



Http://www.gigalight.com.cn

Optical Network Transceiver Innovator

Pin Descriptions

1 VEE Transceiver ground, common for 2 channels 2 Tx_ Fault Open collector/drain output, high signal indicates fault in one of the TX channels 3 TX_DI S1 Transmitter disable control of channel 1, high signal disables optical output 4 SDA I2C data (SDA) 5 SCL I2C clock (SCL) 6 TD-2 Inverted transmitter data input of channel 2 (internally AC coupled) 7 TD+2 Non-inverted transmitter data input of channel 2 (internally AC coupled) 8 LOS1 Open collector/drain output, high signal indicates los of signal in RX channel 1 9 RD+2 Non-inverted receiver data output of channel 2 (internally AC coupled) 10 RD-2 Inverted receiver data output of channel 2 (internally AC coupled) 11 VEE Transceiver ground, common for 2 channels 12 RD-1 Inverted receiver data output of channel 1 (internally AC coupled) 13 RD+1 Non-inverted receiver data output of channel 1 (internally AC coupled) 14 LOS2 Open collector/drain output, high signal indicates los of signal in RX channel 2 15 VccR Receiver power, common for 2 channels	Notes
3 TX_DI S1 Transmitter disable control of channel 1, high signal disables optical output 4 SDA I2C data (SDA) 5 SCL I2C clock (SCL) 6 TD-2 Inverted transmitter data input of channel 2 (internally AC coupled) 7 TD+2 Non-inverted transmitter data input of channel 2 (internally AC coupled) 8 LOS1 Open collector/drain output, high signal indicates los of signal in RX channel 1 9 RD+2 Non-inverted receiver data output of channel 2 (internally AC coupled) 10 RD-2 Inverted receiver data output of channel 2 (internally AC coupled) 11 VEE Transceiver ground, common for 2 channels 12 RD-1 Inverted receiver data output of channel 1 (internally AC coupled) 13 RD+1 Non-inverted receiver data output of channel 1 (internally AC coupled) 14 LOS2 Open collector/drain output, high signal indicates los of signal in RX channel 2 15 VccR Receiver power, common for 2 channels	
4 SDA I2C data (SDA) 5 SCL I2C clock (SCL) 6 TD-2 Inverted transmitter data input of channel 2 (internally AC coupled) 7 TD+2 Non-inverted transmitter data input of channel 2 (internally AC coupled) 8 LOS1 Open collector/drain output, high signal indicates los of signal in RX channel 1 9 RD+2 Non-inverted receiver data output of channel 2 (internally AC coupled) 10 RD-2 Inverted receiver data output of channel 2 (internally AC coupled) 11 VEE Transceiver ground, common for 2 channels 12 RD-1 Inverted receiver data output of channel 1 (internally AC coupled) 13 RD+1 Non-inverted receiver data output of channel 1 (internally AC coupled) 14 LOS2 Open collector/drain output, high signal indicates los of signal in RX channel 2 15 VccR Receiver power, common for 2 channels	
5 SCL I2C clock (SCL) 6 TD-2 Inverted transmitter data input of channel 2 (internally AC coupled) 7 TD+2 Non-inverted transmitter data input of channel 2 (internally AC coupled) 8 LOS1 Open collector/drain output, high signal indicates los of signal in RX channel 1 9 RD+2 Non-inverted receiver data output of channel 2 (internally AC coupled) 10 RD-2 Inverted receiver data output of channel 2 (internally AC coupled) 11 VEE Transceiver ground, common for 2 channels 12 RD-1 Inverted receiver data output of channel 1 (internally AC coupled) 13 RD+1 Non-inverted receiver data output of channel 1 (internally AC coupled) 14 LOS2 Open collector/drain output, high signal indicates los of signal in RX channel 2 15 VccR Receiver power, common for 2 channels	
6 TD-2 Inverted transmitter data input of channel 2 (internally AC coupled) 7 TD+2 Non-inverted transmitter data input of channel 2 (internally AC coupled) 8 LOS1 Open collector/drain output, high signal indicates los of signal in RX channel 1 9 RD+2 Non-inverted receiver data output of channel 2 (internally AC coupled) 10 RD-2 Inverted receiver data output of channel 2 (internally AC coupled) 11 VEE Transceiver ground, common for 2 channels 12 RD-1 Inverted receiver data output of channel 1 (internally AC coupled) 13 RD+1 Non-inverted receiver data output of channel 1 (internally AC coupled) 14 LOS2 Open collector/drain output, high signal indicates los of signal in RX channel 2 15 VccR Receiver power, common for 2 channels 16 VccT Transmitter power, common for 2 channels	
7 TD+2 Non-inverted transmitter data input of channel 2 (internally AC coupled) 8 LOS1 Open collector/drain output, high signal indicates los of signal in RX channel 1 9 RD+2 Non-inverted receiver data output of channel 2 (internally AC coupled) 10 RD-2 Inverted receiver data output of channel 2 (internally AC coupled) 11 VEE Transceiver ground, common for 2 channels 12 RD-1 Inverted receiver data output of channel 1 (internally AC coupled) 13 RD+1 Non-inverted receiver data output of channel 1 (internally AC coupled) 14 LOS2 Open collector/drain output, high signal indicates los of signal in RX channel 2 15 VccR Receiver power, common for 2 channels 16 VccT Transmitter power, common for 2 channels	
8 LOS1 Open collector/drain output, high signal indicates los of signal in RX channel 1 9 RD+2 Non-inverted receiver data output of channel 2 (internally AC coupled) 10 RD-2 Inverted receiver data output of channel 2 (internally AC coupled) 11 VEE Transceiver ground, common for 2 channels 12 RD-1 Inverted receiver data output of channel 1 (internally AC coupled) 13 RD+1 Non-inverted receiver data output of channel 1 (internally AC coupled) 14 LOS2 Open collector/drain output, high signal indicates los of signal in RX channel 2 15 VccR Receiver power, common for 2 channels 16 VccT Transmitter power, common for 2 channels	
9 RD+2 Non-inverted receiver data output of channel 2 (internally AC coupled) 10 RD-2 Inverted receiver data output of channel 2 (internally AC coupled) 11 VEE Transceiver ground, common for 2 channels 12 RD-1 Inverted receiver data output of channel 1 (internally AC coupled) 13 RD+1 Non-inverted receiver data output of channel 1 (internally AC coupled) 14 LOS2 Open collector/drain output, high signal indicates los of signal in RX channel 2 15 VccR Receiver power, common for 2 channels 16 VccT Transmitter power, common for 2 channels	
10 RD-2 Inverted receiver data output of channel 2 (internally AC coupled) 11 VEE Transceiver ground, common for 2 channels 12 RD-1 Inverted receiver data output of channel 1 (internally AC coupled) 13 RD+1 Non-inverted receiver data output of channel 1 (internally AC coupled) 14 LOS2 Open collector/drain output, high signal indicates los of signal in RX channel 2 15 VccR Receiver power, common for 2 channels 16 VccT Transmitter power, common for 2 channels	
11 VEE Transceiver ground, common for 2 channels 12 RD-1 Inverted receiver data output of channel 1 (internally AC coupled) 13 RD+1 Non-inverted receiver data output of channel 1 (internally AC coupled) 14 LOS2 Open collector/drain output, high signal indicates los of signal in RX channel 2 15 VccR Receiver power, common for 2 channels 16 VccT Transmitter power, common for 2 channels	
12 RD-1 Inverted receiver data output of channel 1 (internally AC coupled) 13 RD+1 Non-inverted receiver data output of channel 1 (internally AC coupled) 14 LOS2 Open collector/drain output, high signal indicates los of signal in RX channel 2 15 VccR Receiver power, common for 2 channels 16 VccT Transmitter power, common for 2 channels	
13 RD+1 Non-inverted receiver data output of channel 1 (internally AC coupled) 14 LOS2 Open collector/drain output, high signal indicates los of signal in RX channel 2 15 VccR Receiver power, common for 2 channels 16 VccT Transmitter power, common for 2 channels	
14 LOS2 Open collector/drain output, high signal indicates los of signal in RX channel 2 15 VccR Receiver power, common for 2 channels 16 VccT Transmitter power, common for 2 channels	
15 VccR Receiver power, common for 2 channels 16 VccT Transmitter power, common for 2 channels	
16 VccT Transmitter power, common for 2 channels	
17 TX_ DIS2 Transmitter disable control of channel 2, high signal disables optical output	
18 TD+1 Non-inverted transmitter data input of channel 1 (internally AC coupled)	
19 TD-1 Inverted transmitter data input of channel 1 (internally AC coupled)	
20 VEE Transceiver ground, common for 2 channels	

Plug Seq.: Pin engagement sequence during hot plugging.

- 1) TX Fault report transceiver status as following:
 - TX Fault is an open collector/drain output, which should be pulled up with a $4.7K-10k\Omega$ resistor on the host board. Pull up voltage between 2.0V and VccT, R+0.3V. When high, output indicates a laser fault of some kind either in Channel 1 or Channel 2. The Host shall read Channel 1/2:A2H/AAH: 110 for details: TX Fault from channel 1 if bit 2 is set in [A2H:110]; TX Fault fromchannel 2 if bit 2 is set in [B2H: 110]. Low indicates normal operation. In the low state, the output will be pulled to < 0.8V.
- 2) TX_disable1, 2 are an input that is used to shut down the transmitter optical output. It is pulled up within the module with a 4.7–10 kΩ resistor. Its states are:

Low (0 - 0.8V): Transmitter on (>0.8V, < 2.0V): Undefined

High (2.0 to 3.465V): Transmitter Disabled Open: Transmitter Disabled

3) Mod-Def 1,2. These are the module definition pins. They should be pulled up with a 4.7k~10kΩ resistor on the host board. The pull-up voltage shall be VccT or VccR.

Mod-Def 1 is the clock line of two wire serial interface for serial ID

- Mod-Def 2 is the data line of two wire serial interface for serial ID
- 4) LOS 1,2 is an open collector output, which should be pulled up with a 4.7k~10kΩ resistor. Pull up voltage between 2.0V and Vcc+0.3V. Logic 1 indicates loss of signal; Logic 0 indicates normal operation. In the low state, the output will be pulled to less than 0.8V.
- 5) RD1,2-/+: These are the differential receiver outputs. They are internally AC-coupled 100 differential lines which should be terminated with 100Ω (differential) at the user SERDES.
- 6) TD1,2-/+: These are the differential transmitter inputs. They are internally AC-coupled, differential lines with 100Ω differential termination inside the module.

Address: 5F, Main Building SheKou Technology Building, No.1059

Nanhai Blvd, Nanshan District, Shenzhen

Page 7 of 9 07 / 2014

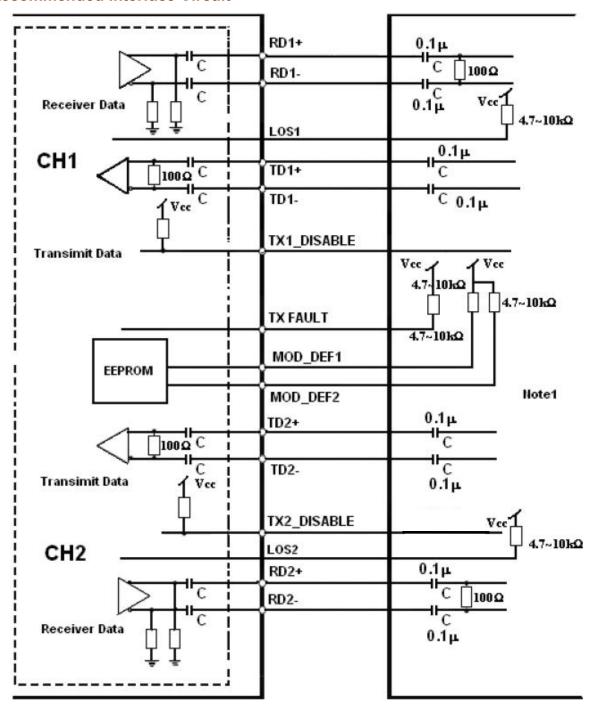
TEL: 86-755-26734300 FAX: 86-755-26738181





Http://www.gigalight.com.cn

Recommended Interface Circuit

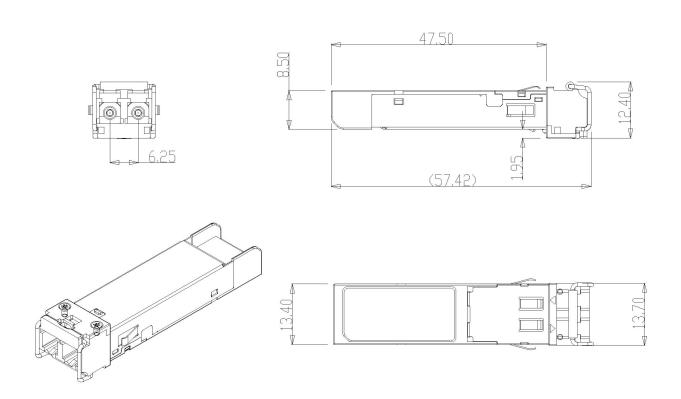




Http://www.gigalight.com.cn

Optical Network Transceiver Innovator

Mechanical Dimensions



Ordering information

Orabining initorina	uon
Part Number	Product Description
GCB-4303-L2C(D)	155Mbps, Tx1490nm / Rx 1310nm; Compact SFP bidi, 20KM, DDM 0°C ~ +70°C
GCB-4303-L2T(D)	155Mbps, Tx1490nm / Rx 1310nm; Compact SFP bidi, 20KM, DDM -40°C ~ +85°C

E-mail: <u>sales@gigalight.com.cn</u>
Web: http://www.gigalight.com.cn

Address: 5F, Main Building SheKou Technology Building, No.1059

Nanhai Blvd, Nanshan District, Shenzhen TEL: 86-755-26734300 FAX: 86-755-26738181

Http://www.gigalight.com.cn